



EDITORIAL

In and Beyond This Issue

The rejection rate for this issue (Vol. 50, no. 2) was considerably increased. Thirteen manuscripts were received and reviewed and nine were rejected, which means we only accepted 4 articles for this issue with a rejection rate of 69.23%. We hope to adjust or control the growth of the rejection rate because the well-being of an academic journal can't be established only through the rejection rate; the acceptability and legitimacy of the submission and review process in our own professional domain have to be taken into account equally as well. It is also essential that the open information about the process to be more transparent and effective. In addition, how to adequately review the growing number of interdisciplinary research papers (e.g. Library & Information Science and its educational technology related sub-fields)? These are the issues that we target and continue to work on.

We are also concerned about the fact that, even with limited resource support for research and scholarship, there are more commercial databases of scholarly journals that continue to expend and penetrate the market. That drives up the competition among commercial databases and libraries will discover more duplicated content in these databases. If the situation of scholarly journal publishing industry in Taiwan worsens, it will create a disadvantage for the industry in Taiwan in the future Cross-Strait competition among scholarly resources. In the recent years, Open Access has been a wildly discussed issue. The Taiwan Government has issued and recommended some copyright agreement sample documents to inform journal publishers not to give away "exclusive rights" to database vendors. It does seem like the idea of "products of scholarly research are part of public domain" has been reinforced. The *Journal of Educational Media and Library Sciences* has been a supporter for Open Access and opposes to monopoly practices. With that devotion we have made many efforts in promoting Open Access policies and practices, which is evident to the public. Nevertheless, we remain highly critical and cautious when it comes to the development of "publicly-owned scholarly information" for we do not want to act blindly following a trend before the scholarly publishing in Taiwan matures. Putting scholarly information into the public domain without a well-developed system will jeopardize the current establishments of scholarly publishing. Developing "public-owned scholarly information" requires commitment from the Government to create and execute sustainable management and government

funding policies. However, are we ready? Does the Government have a well-built roadmap to guide us? Not to mention that we are constantly under the pressure of competing and cooperating within the Chinese scholarly publishing industries with China and Hong Kong.

Finally let's shift the focus to our *Journal*. This issue includes 4 research papers: Ti Yu (于第) and Chao-Chen Chen (陳昭珍) focused on "A Study on the Relationship between Organizational Learning Culture and Organizational Performance in Taiwan's University and College Libraries"; Yu-Wei Chang (張郁蔚) presented "The Influence of Book References on Characteristics of Interdisciplinarity in the Fields of Humanities and Social Sciences", Hai-Hon Chen (陳海泓) presented "How to Use Readability Formulas to Access and Select English Reading Materials"; and Jiann-Cherng Shieh (謝建成) and Huang-Wei Lin (林黃瑋) published "The Study of Web Findability Based on Its Breadth and Depth". We greatly appreciate the submission from the authors and other researchers, which gives us an opportunity to continuously grow and evolve.

Jeong-Yeou Chiu
JoEMLS Chief Editor



編者言

本期紀要與展望

本卷期(50卷2期)的退稿率有了明顯的升幅，總處理文章篇數13篇，退稿篇數為9篇，本期僅收錄4篇文章，本期退稿率達69.23%。我們希望能妥善因應或控制退稿率的成長，因為健康良善的學術期刊並不是靠單一的退稿率績效掙取來的，它並須同時兼顧學域投稿環境之友善與合理，它也必須有更透明與有用的投稿狀況資訊提供作者參考；以及如何妥善評閱越來越多科際整合下的論文(例如：圖資學與教學科技相關學域之分際)，這些問題都是我們持續努力改善的目標。

我們也一直憂心，在有限的學術資源底下，在台灣還是有越來越多的商業性學術期刊資料庫繼續擴大經營層面，這使得既有的商業資料庫競爭愈形激烈，圖書館也會發現眾多資料庫內容重複性高，台灣學術期刊出版產業的環境惡化了，也更不利於台灣學術期刊出版產業在未來海峽兩岸學術資源的競爭。近年來，Open Access的議題不斷，台灣政府也出具著作權授權範本，提醒期刊出版單位不要「專屬授權」予資料庫廠商，認為學術研究的產出係屬「公共財」的主張，似乎更加被強化了一些。教育資料與圖書館學季刊向來支持Open Access與反壟斷的觀念，在該理念下，不遺餘力地推動許多策略和作為，這是大家有目共睹的事。然而，對於所謂「學術資訊公共財化」也始終保持著警覺，唯恐過於盲目的迎合，在台灣學術出版環境未臻健全之前，揠苗助長，而戕害了我們學術出版產業的生機。「學術資訊公共財化」需要的是政府的決心—訂定永續經營、政府出資的政策與執行，但是，我們都準備好了嗎？政府已出具了完善的規劃藍圖了嗎？更別忘了我們依然隨時面臨者兩岸三地華文學術出版產業的競合壓力。

最後回歸到我們的期刊，本卷期收錄4篇論文，包括：于第、陳昭珍針對「大學校院圖書館組織學習文化與組織績效關係之研究」、張郁蔚發表「圖書參考文獻對人文社會學科跨學科特性之影響」、陳海泓「以適讀性公式挑選英文讀本之探究」；以及謝建成、林黃瑋對於「網站架構廣度與深度之網站尋獲度研究」。衷心感謝他們與其他所有人的賜稿，讓我們有持續的機會成長。

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